ABOUT SOME INSUFFICIENTLY CLEARED MOMENTS CONCERNING THE FOUNDING AND ACTIVITIES OF THE DOBRUDJA’S INTERNAL REVOLUTIONARY ORGANIZATION

(Summary)

Dobrudja’s issue in the Bulgarian-Romanian relations becomes more acute with the final annexation of Southern Dobrudja from Romania under the Treaty of Neuilly in 1919. In the period between the two world wars, up to the autumn of 1940, when the region was returned to Bulgaria, the resistance movement of Bulgarians in Dobrudja didn’t cease, taking different legal and illegal forms of struggle. Significant part in the consistent assertion of the Bulgarian national cause in Dobrudja had the Dobrudja’s revolutionary organization with headquartered in Rousse. Regardless of the contradictory trends that take place in the organization as a result of the heterogeneous political orientation of its most prominent figures and its recurrent change in its tactics, under the influence of external circumstances, it remains defender of the idea for incorporating of the entire Dobrudja to motherland. The revolutionist’s propaganda carried out by the organization is often challenged by its political opponents but it certainly makes an important contribution to the maintenance of the Bulgarian national spirit among the oppressed Dobrudja population and among the Dobrudja emigrants. This article does not claim to exhaust all issues surrounding the creation and the activities of the Dobrudja’s revolutionary organization. It has a more modest task – to highlight some important points and persons regarding the creation and development of this organization on the basis of new studies in the Bulgarian archives.